// NATHANAEL MYERS

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// PROJECT MEMBERS

MYERS, NATHANAEL

// PROJECT TUTORS

BOMBELLI, PAOLO; DEVADASS, PRADEEP; LE, TONY; ROBINSON, IAN; RUIZ RODRIGUEZ, JAVIER; TAMULI, PRANTAR SOUL/SO

// REF













witness

= "THE WORLDS MOST DIVERSE COMMUNITY LIVES IN THE SOIL"

"A diverse community of organisms interact to break down and recycle chemicals to maintain soil fertility", Lonny Lippsett

FIELD NOTES

- PLAZA PRIMARILY CONCRETE W/ COMPACT LANDSCAPING

- SOIL NOT AN FOCUS AS MUCH AS THE GROUND-LEVEL WILDFLOWER & GRASS SPECIES PLANTED TO INCREASE BIODIVERSITY

- ONLY DEVIANT FROM TRADITIONAL LANDSCAPING WAS THE INTEGRATION OF THE SUCCULENT DWELLING STRUCTURE REPURPOSED FROM A BARTLETT STUDENT PROJECT.

- AMONGST CONTEMPORARY CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION, WHAT IS THE BEST WAY TO IMPLEMENT LOCALLY INDIGENOUS SOIL AND VEGITATION?

> SOIL OBSERVATION MYERS, NATHANAEL SITE VISIT_HERE EAST







// PROJECT OVERVIEW

FOUND AMONGST NATURE'S WEATH-ER EXTREMES, SINTERING OF THE SILICA-RICH SANDS FORMALIZES, AS IF 3D PRINTED. DEFYING GRAVITY BY MELTING/RAPID COOLING PAIRED WITH A SURGE IN VELOCITY, SUBTER-RANEAN FULGURITES AND THE RARE 'LIGHTING SCULPTURES' VISUALIZE NEW BIOMIMETIC BUILDING TYPES.

CONJOINING THE TECHNIQUES OF HAND-RENDERED TO SCULPTING IN SUBD THE UNIQUE FORM SOUGHT TO SPECULATIVELY TURN INSIDE-OUT THE INTERIOR LOGIC. FOUND AMONGST NA-TURE'S WEATHER EXTREMES, SINTER-ING OF THE SILICA-RICH SANDS FOR-MALIZES, AS IF 3D PRINTED. DEFYING GRAVITY BY MELTING/RAPID COOLING PAIRED WITH A SURGE IN VELOCITY, SUBTERRANEAN FULGURITES AND THE RARE 'LIGHTING SCULPTURES' VISUAL-IZE NEW BIOMIMETIC BUILDING TYPES.

CONJOINING THE TECHNIQUES OF HAND-RENDERED TO SCULPT-ING IN SUBD THE UNIQUE FORM SOUGHT TO SPECULATIVELY TURN INSIDE-OUT THE INTERIOR LOGIC.





















EMBRACING THE BRANCHING PATTERN-ING FROM THE PHENOMENA OF LIGHT-NING, WHERE THE PATH OF LEAST RE-SISTANCE DICTATES DIRECTION AND FLOW. D1 PROJECT, FULGURITES & PHE-NOMENA SUGGESTS CASTING FULGUR-ITES AND MAPPING SILICA SAND SCULP-TURES AS NEW INFORMANTS OF DATA, CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING, AND BUILDING MATERIAL. LEADING TO NEW WAYS OF SINTERING AND L-BRANCHING SYSTEMS, LICHTENBERG TESTS, MATE-RIAL PROPERTIES OF GLASS VS. CRYS-TALLIZATION, AND GROWTH AGGRE-GATION COMPRISED THE FRAMEWORK FOR COMPUTATIONAL SCULPTING.







DESIGN OPPORTUNITY

THROUGH EMBRASSING THESE PATH-WAYS OF LEAST RESISTANCE A SPECU-LATIVE REIMAGINATION OF CURRENT OVERLOADED FERTALIZERS WAS SUBSI-TUTED FOR ELECTRO-STATIC CONDUC-TOR WHICH WOULD APPLY REGULATED NITRATE, AS LIGHTING IS KNOWN TO DO -- ASSISTING THE NITRATE FIXATION CYCLE WHILE, ACTING AS MOTHER NA-TURE'S FERTALIZER.

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 \overrightarrow{P} fractals + fulgurites







_Magnetism. Mater, Ahmed. 2009

WITH COLLECTED CONSIDERATION OF RECENT STUDIES, BIO ACTIVE GLASS NANOSTRUCTURE, MINERALIZATION, DENDRITE CONSTRUCTION, AND THE ASYMETRIC BUILDING BLOCKS OF GLASS, THE REDUCED FORM OF THE TETRAHEDRON WAS SUPERIMPOSED AS A STRUCTURAL MODE OF GROWTH.

UTILIZING THE AMORPHOUS STRUC-TURE OF GLASS, A SINGULAR TETRA-HEDRON WAS THE TEMPLATE BUILD-ING BLOCK FOR THE SPECULATIVE INTERIOR OF THE FULGURITE GLASS TUBE, DEDUCTED FROM THE CHEMI-CAL STRUCTURE OF SILICATES. [GLASS-ES AND CERAMICS | BASICMEDICAL KEY, N.D.] TESTING THE ANGLED LIM-ITED OF THE PLA 3D PRINTING AND IDEATING ON MODULAR BUILDING OF TETRAHEDRON FORM DERIVATION.







17

fabricating phenomena





14

4 (A 201

















IN STUDY OF MINERALIZATION IN COM-PARISON TO AMORPHOUS GLASS, A STUDY OF A LIGHT REFRACTING AND TRANSPARENT FORM WAS SCRIPTED UTILIZING HDRI LIGHTING AND MANTRA RENDERING. PLAYING WITH IORS, TIERS OF PARTICLE FRAGMENTATION, AND FOG VBDS, THE STUDY ALLOWED FOR THE VISUALIZATION OF, FULGURITES + PHENOMENA, AND LITERATURE RIEVEW SUBJECT OF BIOACTIVE GLASSES WITH THE MEDIUM'S UNIQUE ABILITY FOR ENGINEERED GENESIS AND ENTROPY.

THROUGH THE LAYERED CON-STRUCTION , THE UNLOCKED PO-TENTIALS OF FORM GENERATION WERE FOUND ALONGSIDE THE ABIL-ITY TO GENERATE LIGHT BENDING.











THE MATERIAL SCRIPT WAS THEN AP-PLIED TO THE TETRAHEDRON MODU-LAR COMPLEMENT WITH AN INVERSE LOOK AT THE BASE FORM BEING OVER TAKEN BY INTERIOR FRACTALS/ CRYSTALLIZATION OVERGROWTH.

IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FUNCTION-ING OF BIOACTIVE GLASS AND THE ABILI-TY OF NUTRIENT AID, INITIATED MINERAL-IZATION, AND CELL GROWTH ACTUATION, THIS POTENTIAL MAY BE BEYOND JUST COMPUTATIONAL ILLUSTRATION.

THROUGHOUT THE RENDERING PRO-CESS, ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF THE KIN FORMATION OF OBJECT PARTI-CLES WERE RECOGNIZED BETWEEN PIXELATION AND MINERALIZATION.







BY SUPERIMPOSING THE TETRAHE-DRON FORM THROUGH THE INVESTI-GATION OF OBJECT LUMINESCENCE, BRIDGING STRUCTURES SIMILAR TO THOSE OF FULGURITES AND FORMS ACHIEVED THROUGH SINTERING WERE FOUND BY SURFACE INTER-VENTION WHILE SHADOW MAPPING.



















// REF



























// zeolite_

a minteral with a porous three-dimensional honeycomb framwork and negative net charge. Operating as both sponge and magnet they soak up microscopic particles, nutrelizing the compounds.

THE ZEOLITE BECAME THE BACK-DROP STUDY FOR THE FIRST IDEATION OF THE D2 PROJECT FILTRATION POSSIBILITY AS A NAT-URALLY-OCCURRING, ORGANIC FIL-TRATION SYSTEM, AND THE INSPI-RATION FOR THE 3D CLAY PRINTING.











DISSECTING THE ZEOLITE FORM, A HEXTETRAHEDRAL IS THE SINGULAR UNIT OF THE ANATOMICAL STRUC-TURE CALLED A SODALITE. ISOLAT-ING THIS SHAPE AND ITS FUNCTION AS THE BUILDING BLOCK FOR ZEOLITES, THE GEOMETRY IS THEN EXTRAPOLAT-ED TO INFORM A METHOD FOR MODU-LAR BUILDING, NEGATIVE SPACE AND GEOMETRICAL REFERENCE POINT.

INVESTIGATING SECTIONED AND BLAST-ED FORMS, HELIX OBLITERATION, CAST-ING, REDUCTION OF ANGULARITY, THROUGH THE BASE SHAPE OF THE ZEOLITE-DERIVED HEXTETRAHEDRAL, THIS FORM FRAGMENTATION SERVED AS THE TEMPLATE FOR ROBOTIC CLAY PRINTING. EXPLORING THE LIMITATIONS OF DOUBLE-WALLED SHELLS WITHOUT INTERIOR SUPPORT STRUCTURE, THE PRINT STARTED TO CAVE IN RESULTING IN A DRAPING AND LATTICED FORM. AD-DITIONALLY, THIS SHELLING CONCEPT WAS THE FIRST ITERATION OF THE FILTER DESIGN FOR OLEOPHILIC ASSEMBLAGE.







"Both the ruin and the nanostructure share a ragged edge of possibility. The most dynamic work lies at the fine or order and disequilibria. The place where watter unfords unpredictabily, caught between its own internal rules and the new ones it's introducedd to.

"Perceiving ordered pattern is an evolutionary habit. But to push order just beyond the faculty of recognition, to introduce ruin, is a vital exersice. It is only on this ragged edge that, if you look in the right way, you may recognize the seemingly disordered structures for new formulations of order."

// Trace Elements, 2017



// PROJECT MEMBERS

MUGHAL, RIDA MYERS, NATHANAEL ORBANDI, ANDRITA

// PROJECT TUTORS

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// PROJECT OVERVIEW

OLEOPHILIC ASSEMBLAGE, LOOKS TO INTRODUCE A BIOMETIC RESPONSE FOR THE CURRENT MAL PRACTICES OF OIL SPILL CLEAN UP THROUGH LOCAL BIOLOGICALLY-DERIVED FILTRATION.

OFF THE PUBLIC FOOTPATH NO. 5, IN FRONT OF THE EXXON MOBILE PETRO-LEUM STATION IN PURFLEET, LONDON IS WHAT IS TO BE ASSUMED AS LEACHED CRUDE OIL. THIS HAS MADE THE BANK OF THE THAMES RIVER COMPLETELY IN-ACSESSIBLE WITH SLUDGE REPLACING SAND OF THE SHORELINE.

AS A WAY TO GIVE BACK THE WATER ACCESS TO THE SURROUNDING COM-MUNITY AND REINSTATE A HEALTHY ECOSYSTEM, A FOOTPATH ASSEM-BLAGE WAS CONSIDERED ALSO CATER-ING TO THE RIVER TRANSPORTATION.









Spreading Emulsification Dissolution Sedimentation

Spreading			
Advection			
Evaporation	li la		
Dissolution			
Dispersion			
Emulsification Sedimentation	-		
Biodegradation Photo-Oxidation			
	0 hours	1	







Public Footpath

THIS GROUP PROJECT HAS AN INTEREST IN EXTREME ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS. ONE OF MANY INTERESTS THAT INTRIGUE US IS THE TREATMENT OF OIL SPILL CASES. IT IS DIFFI-CULT TO IMAGINE THE DAMAGE OF AN OIL SPILL TO AN ENVIRONMENT. THEREFORE, WE DECID-ED TO MAKE A FIELD TRIP. WE GOT A TIP FROM A FRIEND THAT UNDER THE DARTFORD CROSS-ING BRIDGE AT THE LAKESIDE AREA NEAR THE OIL STORAGE DEPOT BY EXXON MOBIL SMELLS LIKE OIL, ESPECIALLY DURING THE SUMMER. IN APRIL 2022, THERE WAS A DEMONSTRATION BY JUST STOP OIL THAT BLOCK 10 OIL TERMINALS AND FORCE EXXON MOBIL UK TO SUSPEND OP-ERATIONS, AS CITED FROM THE INDEPENDENT. AFTER DOING FIELD OBSERVATIONS AND OBTAIN-ING SAMPLES FROM THE FIELD, THERE ARE SOME BENEFITS OF GOING FOR A SITE INSPECTION:

_ IT IS IMPORTANT TO FIND AN ACCURATE SITE THAT REPRESENTS THE BIG TOPIC

_ABLE TO LEARN ABOUT THE TOPOLOGY OF THE AREA AND ABOUT HUMAN INTERACTIONS, WHICH IS HELPFUL FOR DESIGN APPROACHES

_ABLE TO LEARN ABOUT ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS SUCH AS WATER AND SAND POLLUTION, WHICH IS USEFUL FOR LEARNING THE INTERACTION BETWEEN ORGANISMS

COLLECTING SAMPLES FROM AN ACTUAL LOCATION WILL BE BENEFICIAL FOR THE BIO-INTEGRA-TION PROCESS BECAUSE OF CONSIDERATION OF THE LOCAL ORGANISM FOR FUTURE DEVELOPMENT, THERE IS A POTENTIAL TO TEST THE PROTOTYPE IN SITU AND OB-SERVE THE FEEDBACK

Train: Purfleet Station Main Road: Bus Car

// SAMPLE COLLECTION





// SITE A

_water samples





// SITE B



SAMPLING INDEX



SITUATED PRACTICE

// located in front of ExxonMobil Oil Depot
// accessible by public footpath

_ oragne goo

_ sea pulsane

- _ moss
- _seaweed

_footprint sludge





100x

Moss









100x























// FABRICATION

DURING THIS PROJECT, THE METH-ODS FOR FABRICATION WERE HAND-PRESSURED EXTRUSION AND 3D CASTING. BOTH METHODS ARE DONE MANUALLY WITH A DIY OR READY-MADE TOOLS FOR SCULPT-ING. WE USED RHINOCEROS 7 TO CREATE THE DESIGN, AND 3D PRINT-ED THE MODEL THROUGH A PRU-SA 13 MK3 MACHINE WITH 1.75MM PLA FILAMENT. THE MOULD/SUR-FACE MATERIALS ARE SILICONE, ACRYLIC PLASTIC, AND GLASS.

- UΤ U R E F
- INTEGRATED COMPLEX DESIGN
 - MULTI-MATERIAL ASSEMBLY
- SCALE-DOWN PROTOTYPE OF A • SINGLE STRUCTURE COLUMN
- CRAFTING A UNIQUE FILAMENT • FROM BIOPOLYMER AND USE THE REGULAR 3DP MACHINE
- EXPLORE EXTRUSION VS. CAST-• ING







bio//morphic--remediation



Water 📼 Chitosan 🛑 Vinegar Gluten 1% Acetic Acid



- Hemp Corn Flour 2% Sodium Alginate 📥 Agar Powder

9mL 36mL 2.7g 11.2g 11.2g













_ Nething et al., 2020

THE DESIGN HAS A MULTI-MATERIAL APPLIED TO CERTAIN PARTS OF THE DESIGN. THE APPLICA-TION OF MULTI-MATERIAL WAS MADE TO ACCOMMODATE DIFFERENT PROPERTIES IN ONE DESIGN BODY. THE DESIGN BODY IS DIVIDED INTO STRUCTURE AND SKIN/SPONGE. THE STRUCTURE MA-TERIAL WAS INTENTIONALLY RESEARCHED TO BIOREMEDIATE THE OIL SPILL AND A HOST FOR THE SPONGE MATERIAL. THE PURPOSE OF A SPONGE IS TO ABSORB OIL THAT RESIDES ON TOP OF THE WATER BY ABSORBING WATER AND LETTING THE OIL LATCH ON ITS SURFACE, WHICH WILL BE INTRODUCED WITH HYDROCARBON-DEGRADING BACTERIA. IN THIS PROJECT, WE USED A CHI-TOSAN-SAND COMPOSITE WITH ACID TO DISSOLVE CHITOSAN AND MIXED IT WITH SODIUM ALGINATE.

A RESEARCH JOURNAL BY ALEJANDRO R. GENTILI, MARÍA A. CUBITTO, MARCELA FERRE-RO, MARÍA S. RODRIGUÉZ, 'BIOREMEDIATION OF CRUDE OIL POLLUTED SEAWATER BY A HY-DROCARBON-DEGRADING BACTERIAL STRAIN IMMOBILISED ON CHITIN, AND CHITOSAN FLAKES' (INTERNATIONAL BIODETERIORATION & BIODEGRADATION, VOLUME 57, ISSUE 4):

THE BIOREMEDIATION METHOD OF PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS BY INCORPORAT-ING HYDROCARBON-DEGRADING BACTERIAL STRAIN AND CHITIN/CHITOSAN. THE COMPO-NENTS ARE HYDROCARBON-DEGRADING BACTERIAL STRAIN THAT IS IMMOBILIZED ON CHI-TIN AND CHITOSAN FLAKES FROM SHRIMP (PLEOTICUS MÜLLERI) WASTE. IN TERMS OF REMOVAL PERCENTAGE OF CRUDE OIL AFTER 15 DAYS, THE MICROCOSMS TREATED WITH THE IMMOBILIZED INOCULANTS PROVED TO BE THE MOST SUCCESSFUL (GENTILI ET AL., 2006).



3

control





// chitosan sand brick_FUTURE

- MATERIAL SHRINK RATE VARIES, THE MOST STABLE IS THE CON-TROL COMPOSITION
- THERE ARE MOLD IN MOIST PART OF THE MATERIAL DURING THE DRYING PROCESS
- ONLY THE MATERIALS THAT USED ACETIC ACID AS THE DISSOLVENT HAD MOLDS. MIGHT BE CONTAM-INATED
- WE DIDN'T GET TO TEST MA-TERIAL PROPERTIES SUCH AS STRENGTH, BIODEGRADABILITY OVER TIME AND ITS ABILITY TO BREAK DOWN HYDROCARBONS
- WE DIDN'T GET TO COMBINE THE CHITOSAN-SAND COMPOSITE WITH THE SPONGE, THEREFORE WE COULDN'T OBSERVE THE REACTION WHEN BOTH ARE MERGED





// calcium alginate_FUTURE

calcium carbonate and sodium alginate mixture, crosslinked with acetic acid or vinegar

FUTURE INVESTIGATIONS OF THIS MATERIAL WOULD INCLUDE IN-TRODUCING MULTISYMBIOTIC ORGANISMS, NAMELY MYCORRHI-ZAE, HYDROCARBON-DEGRAG-ING BACTERIA, RHIZOBIUM, AND PHOSPHATE-DISSOLVING BACTE-RIA. FURTHER ITERATIONS HOLD SYNONYMOUS TO [ATLAS & HAZEN, 2011; EL-SHESHTAWY ET AL., 2021; SRI RAHAYU, N.D.] WHICH LOOK AT A TRIPARTITE SYMBIOSIS BETWEEN PLANTS, MICORRHIZAE, AND RHIZO-BIUM WHILE ALSO ADDING PLANT GROWTH BACTERIA SUCH AS PSB TO DUALY ASSIST PLAT SURVIVAL IN **OIL-CONTAMINATED SOIL.**



4% Sodium Alginate















// calcium alginate_FUTURE

ANOTHER AVENUES FOR CONTINUED MATERIAL TESTING INCLUDES:

- CONDUCTING ABSORPTION WITH WATER SAMPLE FROM THE SITE AND PETROLEUM
- TRACKING THE DEGREDATION OF THE MATERIAL OVERTIME.
- COMBINED MATERIAL TESTING
 WITH THE SAND STRUCTURE
- REGULATING THE POROSITY AND CONTROLING THE MATERIAL TEXTURE FOR BOTH SPONGE-LIKE AND A MORE STRUCTURAL CHALK-LIKE ITERATION WITH THE INTRODUCTION OF HEAVY ACID.

AS A FORM DERIVED FOR OIL SPILL SITE INTERVENTION AND BIOREMEMDIAI-TON, THE STRUCTURE PROPOSED FOR, OLEOPHILIC ASSEMBLAGE, COMBINES A SPONGE LIKE ABSORBENT MATERIAL OF CALCIUM ALGINATE WITH A VINE-GAR HARDENED SAND-BRICK FRAMING UTILIZING THE LOCATION SITE MATERI-AL OF THE PURFLEET THAMES BANK.

COMBINING GRASSHOPPER AND SUBD DERIVED FORMS, THE FIL-TER CONSIDERS THE ADDITIVE AND SUBTRACTIVE METHODS FOR FAB-RICATION AND VISUALIZATION.



ں oleophilic assemblage



CONSIDERING NATURE'S ORGAN-IC METHODS FOR FILTRATION. SPIRAL AND DOUBLE HELIX STRUCTURES OF MULTIPLE MATERIAL COMBINATIONS WERE AN EXTENSION OF THE DESIGN 2 PROJECT, OLEOPHILIC ASSEMBLAGE. UTILIZING A GRASSHOPPER SCRIPT THE FORMS WERE CONSIDERED ON A MULTITUDE OF OF PARAMETERS OF WHICH WERE EXPONENTIAL WITH THE ADDITION OF THE SECOND HELIX.

AS A VESSEL FOR HOSTING HY-DOR-CARBON BREAKDOWN THROUGH A COLLECTIVE COMMUNITY AC-TION OF BACTERIA, INTERLOCKING CREVICED CAMBERS PROVIDED THE NEEDED POCKETS FOR BACTERIAL GROWTH, OIL SEQUESTERING, WHILE EMBRACING WATER CHANNELING.













VARIANTS AND EVOLUTION OF THE PIL-LAR AND COLONNADE STRUCTURES ARE DIRECTLY INFORMED BY THE SI-MULTANEOUS CONVERSATIONS OF THE FUNCTIONALITY OF MODULAR-ITY AND NECESSITY OF POROSITY. WITH THE GOAL OF MULTI-FUNCTION-ALITY – CAN THE STRUCTURAL PIL-LAR SERVE AS THE FILTER ITSELF?

CONSIDERING THE FUNCTION-ALITY OF A DOCKING CLEAT. THE FORM WAS EXTRAPOLATED FOR, Oleophilic Assemblage, FROM THE PURFLEET SITE VISIT. ANALO-GOUS IN FORM TO LADDERS, RIG-GINGS, SPINE NODULES, AND LILY PADS, THE FORM WAS SOUGHT TO PROVIDE BOTH A PILLAR LIKE APPLICATION TO THE FOOTPATH, STORM BREAKERS, AND AS A MODULAR COMPONENT FOR THE FOOTPATH ASSEMBLAGE.















THE FORM OF THE FOOTPATH WAS MAPPED FROM OIL'S INTERACTION WITH WATER FROM DENSITY DIF-FERENTIATION. ANALOGOUS FORMS WERE FOUND FROM A SATELLITE IM-AGE OF THE 2021 CYPRUS OIL SPILL.

BY ITERATIVE DESIGN, THE STRUCTURE WAS FINALIZED TO BE AN ASSEMBLAGE FOR ACCESSIBILITY OF WATER TRANS-PORT, WITH SUBMERGED SLOPES FOR WATER INTERACTION, WITH AN MULTI-FUNCTIONAL UNDER-STRUCTURE. THE STRUCTURE WAS CONSIDERED TO HAVE MULTI-LEVELS, FLOATATION REFER-ENCES SUCH AS THE WATER LILY, POD SHAPES, AND INTERLOCKING DESIGN.





















ONCE THE BIOMIMETIC FORM AND DE-SIGN CONTEXT OF A FOOTPATH EXTEN-SION WAS ESTABLISHED, THE ASSEM-BLAGE SECTIONING OF THE FOOTPATH REQUIRED SPECULATIVE SIMULATING OF THE CONJOINING AND UNTETHER-ING PODS. REGULATED BY A SERIES OF 5 CUTS TO THE FORM, THE DIVIDED FOOTPATH THEN BECAME A MINI IS-LANDS OF REMEDIATION FOR POTEN-TIAL RELOCATION WHERE NECESSARY.

AS A FURTHER INVESTIGATION, ANAL-YSIS OF THAMES RIVER WATER LEV-ELS WOULD INFORM A RENDERED VISUALIZATION OF WILDLIFE IN-HABITATION OF THE STRUCTURES.















APPLICATIONS OF POROUS TEXTURE FOUND AS THE MOST SUCCESSFUL SEC-ONDARY SURFACE MORPHOLOGY FOR OIL FILTRATION. ZAAROUR ET AL., 2020)



INITIALLY THE STUDY OF COMPUTATION-AL WEAVING WAS REGARDED FOR THE ACHIEVABLE POROSITY FOR THE FILTER CONSTRUCTION. REDUCING THE FORM TO A SIMPLIFIED GEOMETRY OF BOUND-ING CURVES THE KNITTED STRUCTURED INSPIRED POROSITY NOT JUST FOR THE NECESSITY OF THE FILTER BUT THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS STRUCTURE UN-DERWATER BIODIVERSITY. POROSITY WAS ALSO STUDY BY EXTRAPOLATED BOOLEANS AS A NEGATIVE CASTING.

















CONSIDERING THE UNDER-STRUCTURE FOR THE PROJECT OLEOPHILIC ASSEM-BLAGE FUNCTIONING AS A BIOREMEDIAT-ING FILTER SYSTEM, COULD THE STRUC-TURE BE THE FILTER ITSELF THROUGH A POROUS STRUCTURE. BY INVERTING THE EXPOSED EDGES OF THE FOOTPATH STRUCTURE, A NEW FORM WAS FOUND, THEN LAYER WITH A GH WEAVING SCRIPT.

THE PROPOSED LATTICED STRUCTURE WAS THEN REIMAGINED IN THE AFTER-LIFE OF THE OIL HYDROCARBON BREAK-DOWN TO HOST A SEAWEED GARDEN.

















MUGHAL, RIDA. MSc // researcher + visual artist

BACKGROUND // RIDA MUGHAL HAS A BACKGROUND IN CELL AND TISSUE ENGINEERING AND T CELL RESEARCH. SHE GRADUATED FROM UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT CHICAGO WITH A BSC IN BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING. HER OTHER INTER-EST INCLUDE OIL PAINTING, NEW MEDIA ART, AND CROCHET.

LEAD // LAB + MATERIAL STUDIES

MYERS, NATHANAEL. MArch // visual artist + dancer

BACKGROUND // MYERS IS A INTERDISCIPLINARY CREATOR AND MOVER FROM THE SONORAN DESERT, WITH A BFA IN STU-DIO ART FROM THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA. HIS ARTISTIC PURSUITS FORMALIZED THROUGH STAINED-GLASS, IMMER-SIVE STORY-TELLING, AND CRAFTING SPACE FOR COMMUNITY.

LEAD // DESIGN + COMPUTATIONAL RENDERING

ORBANDI, ANDRITA. MArch // visual artist

BACKGROUND // VISUAL ARTIST FROM INDONESIA. HER NEW MEDIA SCULPTURES AND SITE-SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS STEM FROM ENVIRONMENTAL CONTEXT IN RELATION TO HUMAN BE-HAVIOR. GRADUATED WITH BA IN VISUAL ARTS FROM BANDUNG INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, ID (2012) AND MEISTERSCHÜLER IN SCULPTURE (BILDHAUEREI BEI RAIMUND KUMMER), HOCH-SCHULE FÜR BILDENDE KÜNSTE BRAUNSCHWEIG, DE (2016)

LEAD // ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS + STRUCTURE MATERIAL + FABRICATION

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